

6장 연습문제 정답

01.

(a)

$$R: A \times A$$

$$R: A \times B$$

$$R: B \times A$$

$$R: B \times B$$

(b)

$$R: A \times A \times A$$

$$R: A \times A \times B$$

$$R: A \times A \times C$$

$$R: A \times B \times A$$

$$R: A \times B \times B$$

$$R: A \times B \times C$$

$$R: A \times C \times A$$

$$R: A \times C \times B$$

$$R: A \times C \times C$$

$$R: B \times A \times A$$

$$R: B \times A \times B$$

$$R: B \times A \times C$$

$$R: B \times B \times A$$

$$R: B \times B \times B$$

$$R: B \times B \times C$$

$$R: B \times C \times A$$

$$R: B \times C \times B$$

$$R: B \times C \times C$$

$$R: C \times A \times A$$

$$R: C \times A \times B$$

$$R: C \times A \times C$$

$$R: C \times B \times A$$

$$R: C \times B \times B$$

$$R: C \times B \times C$$

$$R: C \times C \times A$$

$$R: C \times C \times B$$

$$R: C \times C \times C$$

02.

(a)

${}_1R_{1_a} \quad \because (1, a) \in R_1$	${}_1\cancel{R}_{1_b} \quad \because (1, b) \notin R_1$	${}_1R_{1_c} \quad \because (1, c) \in R_1$
${}_2\cancel{R}_{1_a} \quad \because (2, a) \notin R_1$	${}_2R_{1_b} \quad \because (2, b) \in R_1$	${}_2\cancel{R}_{1_c} \quad \because (2, c) \notin R_1$
${}_3\cancel{R}_{1_a} \quad \because (3, a) \notin R_1$	${}_3\cancel{R}_{1_b} \quad \because (3, b) \notin R_1$	${}_3R_{1_c} \quad \because (3, c) \in R_1$
${}_4R_{1_a} \quad \because (4, a) \in R_1$	${}_4R_{1_b} \quad \because (4, b) \in R_1$	${}_4\cancel{R}_{1_c} \quad \because (4, c) \notin R_1$
${}_1R_{2_a} \quad \because (1, a) \in R_2$	${}_1\cancel{R}_{2_b} \quad \because (1, b) \notin R_2$	${}_1\cancel{R}_{2_c} \quad \because (1, c) \notin R_2$
${}_2R_{2_a} \quad \because (2, a) \in R_2$	${}_2R_{2_b} \quad \because (2, b) \in R_2$	${}_2\cancel{R}_{2_c} \quad \because (2, c) \notin R_2$
${}_3\cancel{R}_{2_a} \quad \because (3, a) \notin R_2$	${}_3R_{2_b} \quad \because (3, b) \in R_2$	${}_3\cancel{R}_{2_c} \quad \because (3, c) \notin R_2$
${}_4\cancel{R}_{2_a} \quad \because (4, a) \notin R_2$	${}_4\cancel{R}_{2_b} \quad \because (4, b) \notin R_2$	${}_4\cancel{R}_{1_c} \quad \because (4, c) \notin R_1$
${}_1\cancel{R}_{3_a} \quad \because (1, a) \notin R_3$	${}_1\cancel{R}_{3_b} \quad \because (1, b) \notin R_3$	${}_1\cancel{R}_{3_c} \quad \because (1, c) \notin R_3$
${}_2\cancel{R}_{3_a} \quad \because (2, a) \notin R_3$	${}_2\cancel{R}_{3_b} \quad \because (2, b) \notin R_3$	${}_2R_{3_c} \quad \because (2, c) \in R_3$
${}_3\cancel{R}_{3_a} \quad \because (3, a) \notin R_3$	${}_3\cancel{R}_{3_b} \quad \because (3, b) \notin R_3$	${}_3\cancel{R}_{3_c} \quad \because (3, c) \notin R_3$
${}_4\cancel{R}_{3_a} \quad \because (4, a) \notin R_3$	${}_4\cancel{R}_{3_b} \quad \because (4, b) \notin R_3$	${}_4R_{3_c} \quad \because (4, c) \in R_3$
${}_1\cancel{R}_{4_a} \quad \because (1, a) \notin R_4$	${}_1R_{4_b} \quad \because (1, b) \in R_4$	${}_1R_{4_c} \quad \because (1, c) \in R_4$
${}_2R_{4_a} \quad \because (2, a) \in R_4$	${}_2\cancel{R}_{4_b} \quad \because (2, b) \notin R_4$	${}_2R_{4_c} \quad \because (2, c) \in R_4$
${}_3R_{4_a} \quad \because (3, a) \in R_4$	${}_3R_{4_b} \quad \because (3, b) \in R_4$	${}_3\cancel{R}_{4_c} \quad \because (3, c) \notin R_4$
${}_4\cancel{R}_{4_a} \quad \because (4, a) \notin R_4$	${}_4\cancel{R}_{4_b} \quad \because (4, b) \notin R_4$	${}_4\cancel{R}_{4_c} \quad \because (4, c) \notin R_4$
${}_1R_{5_a} \quad \because (1, a) \in R_5$	${}_1R_{5_b} \quad \because (1, b) \in R_5$	${}_1R_{5_c} \quad \because (1, c) \in R_5$
${}_2\cancel{R}_{5_a} \quad \because (2, a) \notin R_5$	${}_2R_{5_b} \quad \because (2, b) \in R_5$	${}_2\cancel{R}_{5_c} \quad \because (2, c) \notin R_5$
${}_3\cancel{R}_{5_a} \quad \because (3, a) \notin R_5$	${}_3R_{5_b} \quad \because (3, b) \in R_5$	${}_3\cancel{R}_{5_c} \quad \because (3, c) \notin R_5$
${}_4R_{5_a} \quad \because (4, a) \in R_5$	${}_4R_{5_b} \quad \because (4, b) \in R_5$	${}_4R_{5_c} \quad \because (4, c) \in R_5$

(b)

$$\text{dom}(R_1) = \text{dom}(R_2) = \text{dom}(R_3) = \text{dom}(R_4) = \text{dom}(R_5) = A$$

$$\text{codom}(R_1) = \text{codom}(R_2) = \text{codom}(R_3) = \text{codom}(R_4) = \text{codom}(R_5) = B$$

$$\text{ran}(R_1) = \{a, b, c\} \quad \text{ran}(R_2) = \{a, b\} \quad \text{ran}(R_3) = \{c\} \quad \text{ran}(R_4) = \{a, b, c\} \quad \text{ran}(R_5) = \{a, b, c\}$$

(c)

$$R_1^{-1} = \{(a, 1), (a, 4), (b, 2), (b, 4), (c, 1), (c, 3)\}$$

$$R_2^{-1} = \{(a, 1), (a, 2), (b, 2), (b, 3)\}$$

$$R_3^{-1} = \{(c, 2), (c, 4)\}$$

$$R_4^{-1} = \{(a, 2), (a, 3), (b, 1), (b, 3), (c, 1), (c, 2)\}$$

$$R_5^{-1} = \{(a, 1), (a, 4), (b, 1), (b, 2), (b, 3), (b, 4), (c, 1), (c, 4)\}$$

(d)

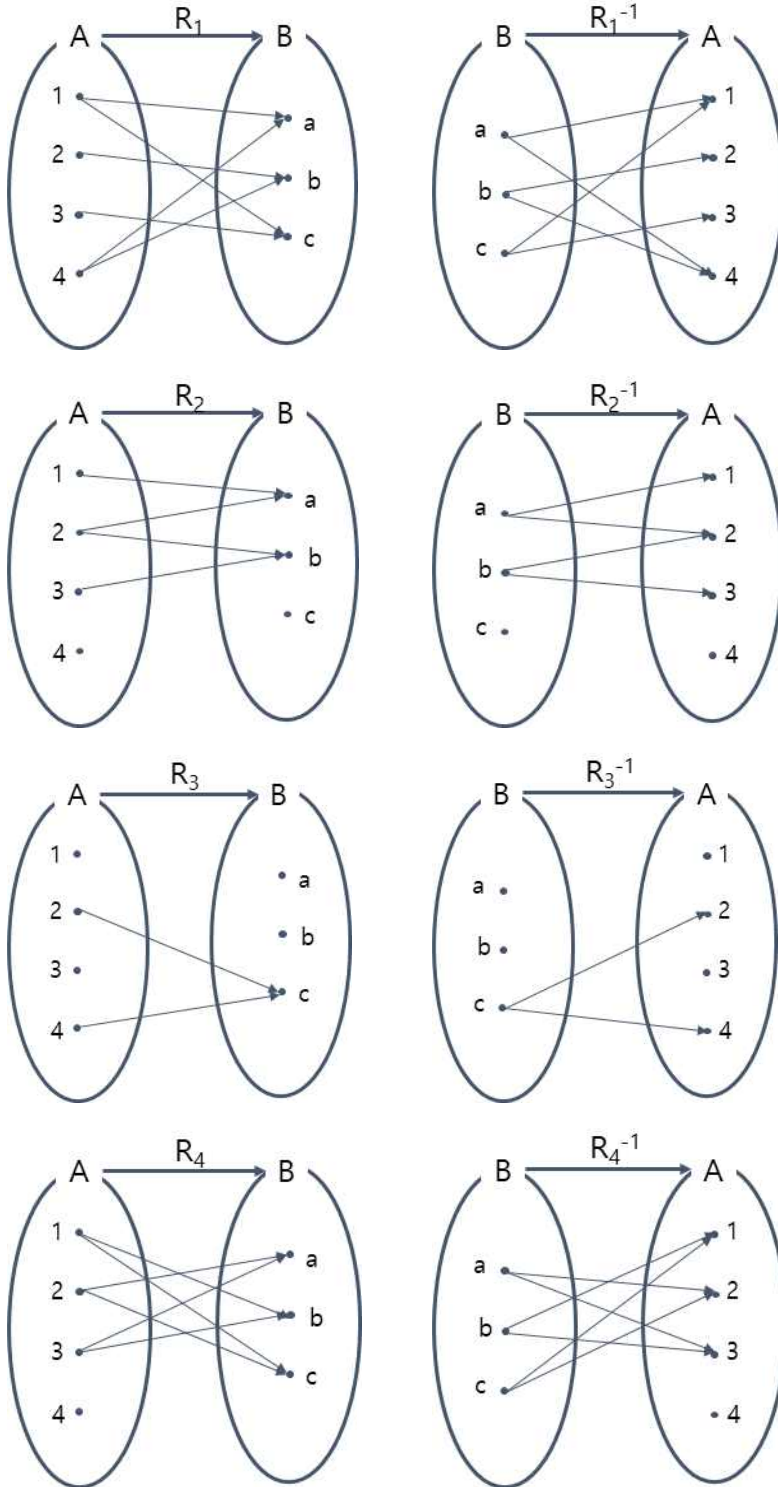
$$\text{dom}(R_1^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_2^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_3^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_4^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_5^{-1}) = B$$

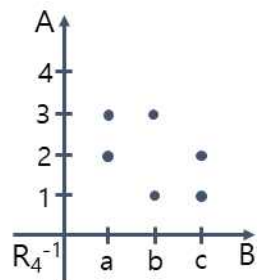
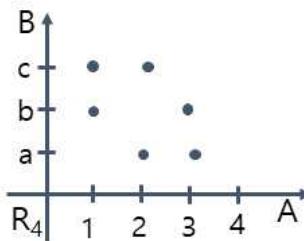
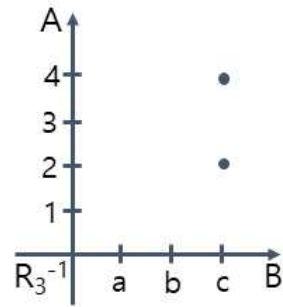
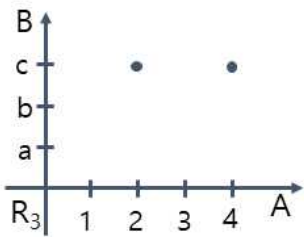
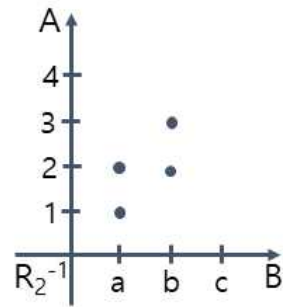
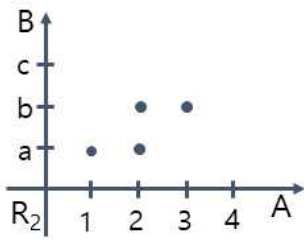
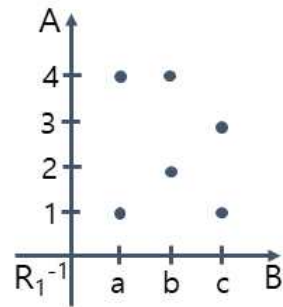
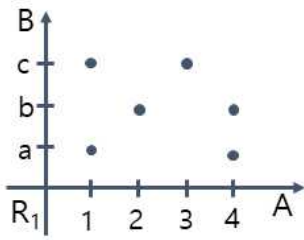
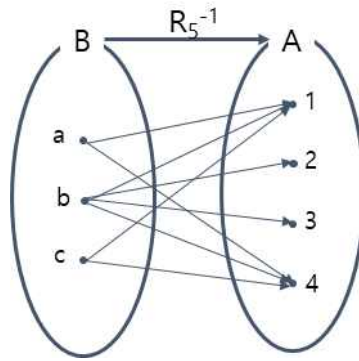
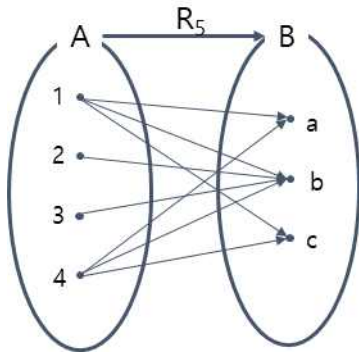
$$\text{codom}(R_1^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_2^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_3^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_4^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_5^{-1}) = A$$

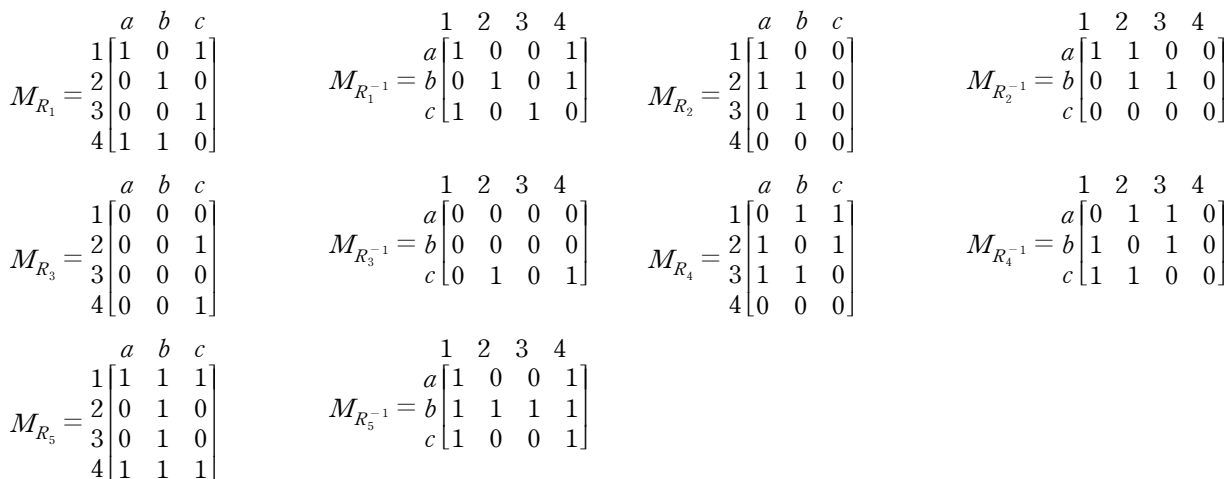
$$\text{ran}(R_1^{-1}) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \quad \text{ran}(R_2^{-1}) = \{1, 2, 3\} \quad \text{ran}(R_3^{-1}) = \{2, 4\}$$

$$\text{ran}(R_4^{-1}) = \{1, 2, 3\} \quad \text{ran}(R_5^{-1}) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

(e)

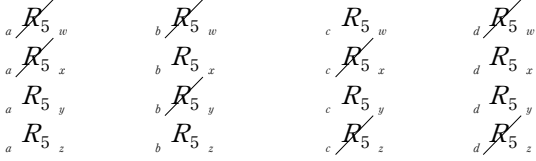






(a)

Figure 1 shows four types of 4-edges, labeled (a) through (d). Each diagram consists of a central vertex connected to four other vertices. The edges are labeled with variables. In (a), the edges are labeled R_4 , w , R_4 , x , R_4 , y , and R_4 , z . In (b), the edges are labeled R_4 , w , R_4 , x , R_4 , y , and R_4 , z . In (c), the edges are labeled R_4 , w , R_4 , x , R_4 , y , and R_4 , z . In (d), the edges are labeled R_4 , w , R_4 , x , R_4 , y , and R_4 , z .



(b)

$$\text{dom}(R_1) = \text{dom}(R_2) = \text{dom}(R_3) = \text{dom}(R_4) = \text{dom}(R_5) = A$$

$$\text{codom}(R_1) = \text{codom}(R_2) = \text{codom}(R_3) = \text{codom}(R_4) = \text{codom}(R_5) = B$$

$$\text{ran}(R_1) = \text{ran}(R_2) = \text{ran}(R_3) = \text{ran}(R_4) = \text{ran}(R_5) = B$$

(c)

$$R_1^{-1} = \{(w, a), (w, b), (x, b), (x, c), (x, d), (y, a), (y, d), (z, b), (z, c)\}$$

$$R_2^{-1} = \{(w, b), (w, c), (x, a), (x, c), (x, d), (y, a), (y, d), (z, a), (z, b), (z, c)\}$$

$$R_3^{-1} = \{(w, c), (x, b), (y, d), (z, a)\}$$

$$R_4^{-1} = \{(w, a), (w, b), (w, d), (x, b), (y, c), (y, d), (z, a), (z, b), (z, c)\}$$

$$R_5^{-1} = \{(w, c), (x, b), (x, d), (y, a), (y, c), (y, d), (z, a), (z, b)\}$$

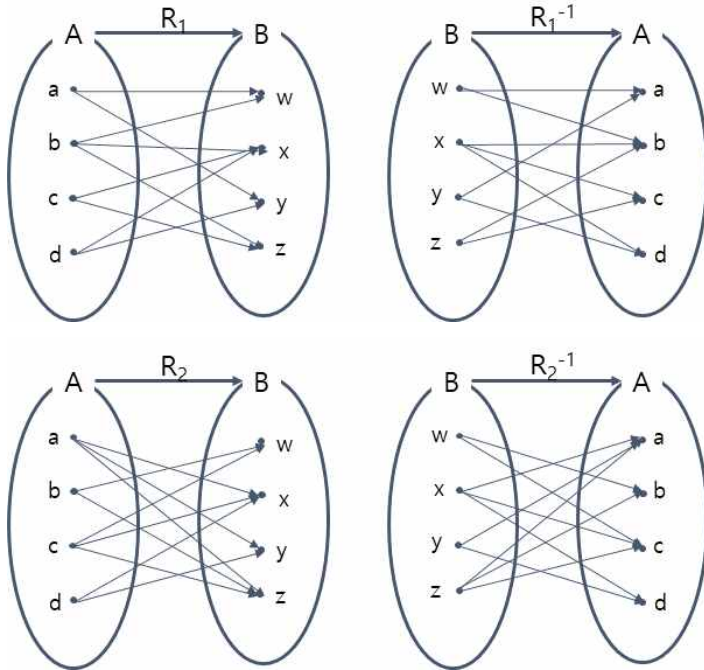
(d)

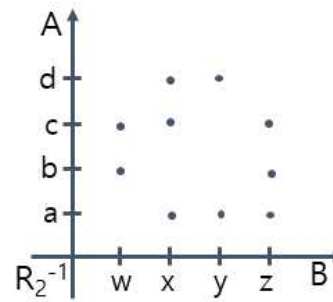
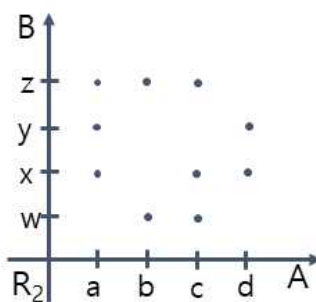
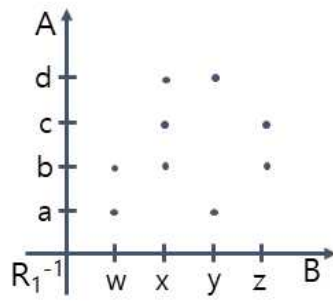
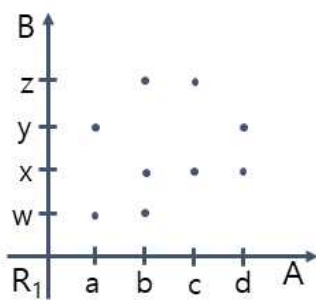
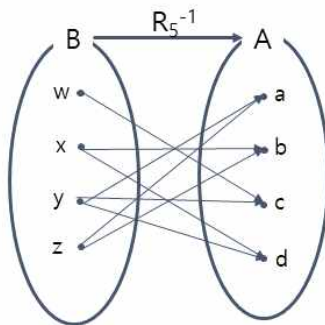
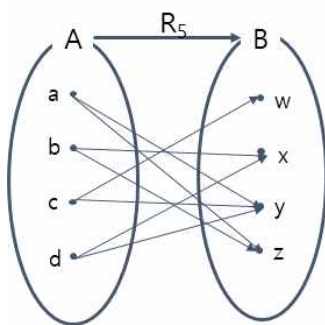
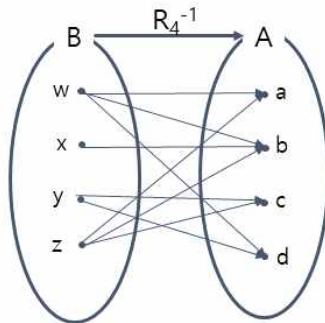
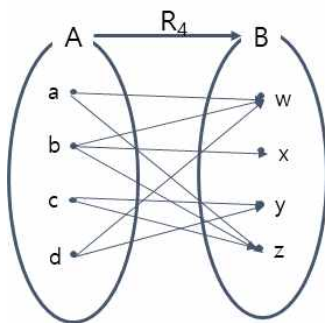
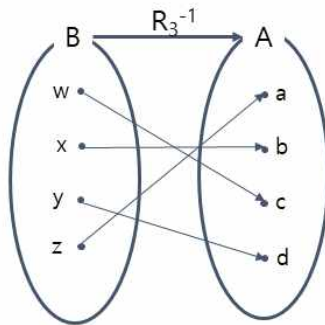
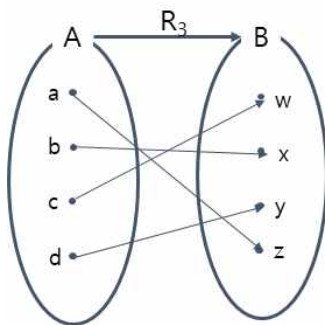
$$\text{dom}(R_1^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_2^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_3^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_4^{-1}) = \text{dom}(R_5^{-1}) = B$$

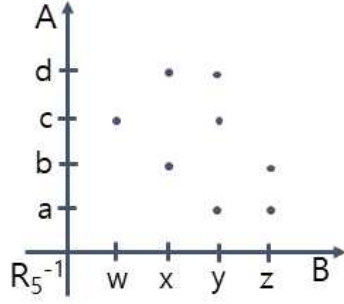
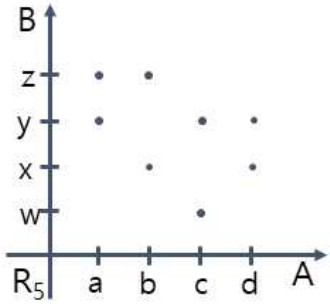
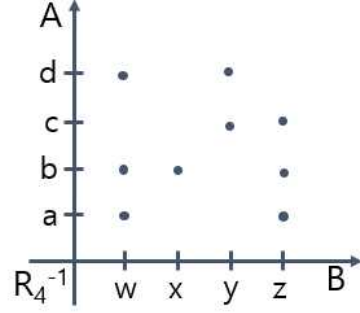
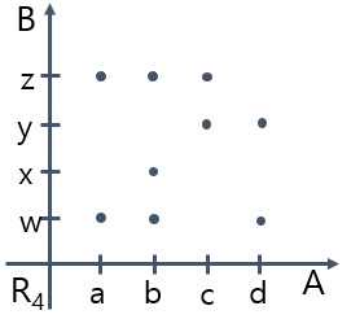
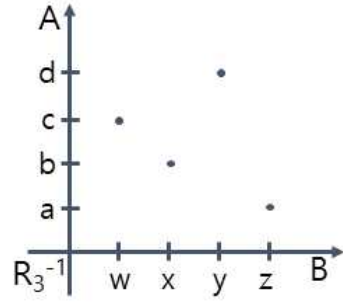
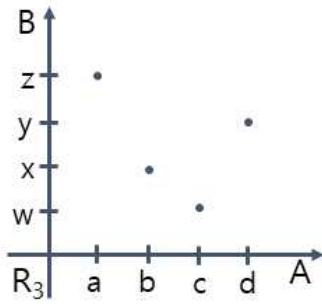
$$\text{codom}(R_1^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_2^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_3^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_4^{-1}) = \text{codom}(R_5^{-1}) = A$$

$$\text{ran}(R_1^{-1}) = \text{ran}(R_2^{-1}) = \text{ran}(R_3^{-1}) = \text{ran}(R_4^{-1}) = \text{ran}(R_5^{-1}) = A$$

(e)







$$M_{R_1} = \begin{matrix} & w & x & y & z \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_1^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c & d \\ \begin{matrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_2} = \begin{matrix} & w & x & y & z \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_1^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c & d \\ \begin{matrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_3} = \begin{matrix} & w & x & y & z \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_3^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c & d \\ \begin{matrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_4} = \begin{matrix} & w & x & y & z \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

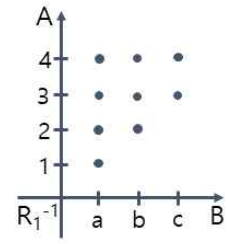
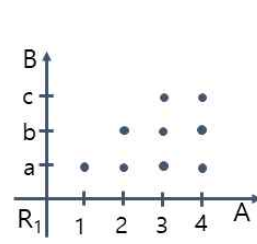
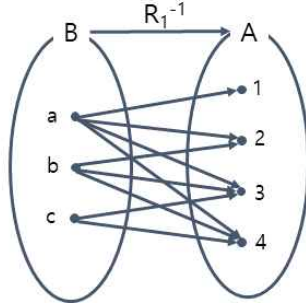
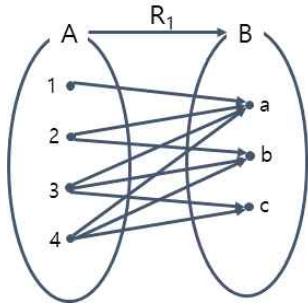
$$M_{R_1^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c & d \\ \begin{matrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_5} = \begin{matrix} & w & x & y & z \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_5^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c & d \\ \begin{matrix} w \\ x \\ y \\ z \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

04.

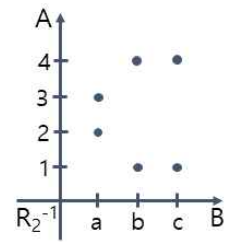
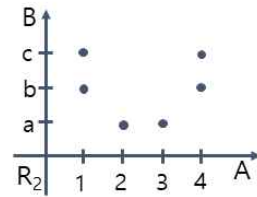
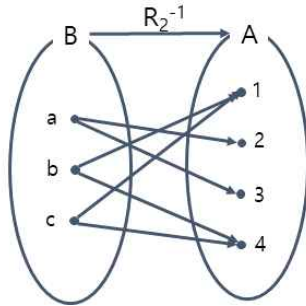
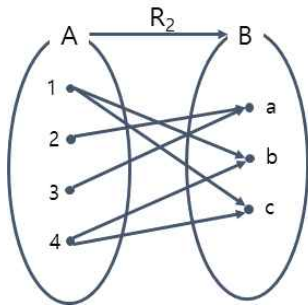
(a)



$$M_{R_1} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_1^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

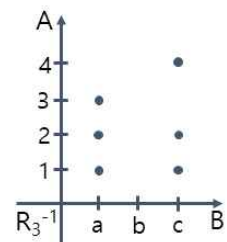
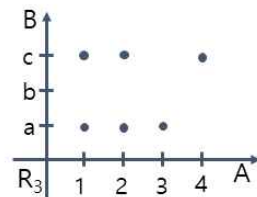
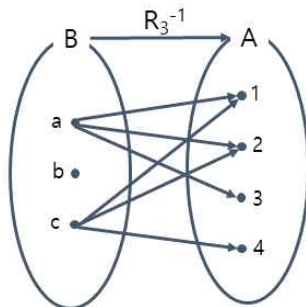
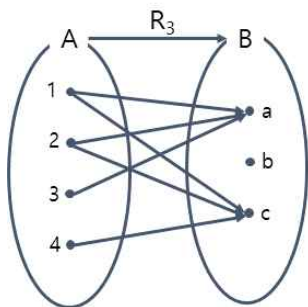
(b)



$$M_{R_2} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_2^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

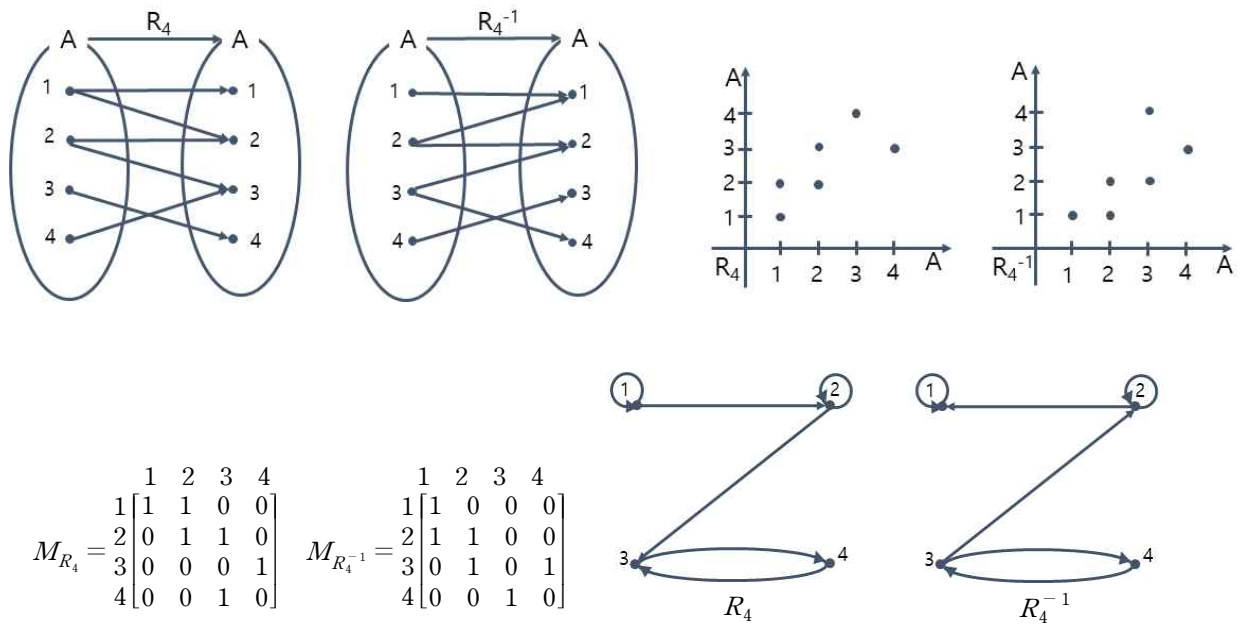
(c)



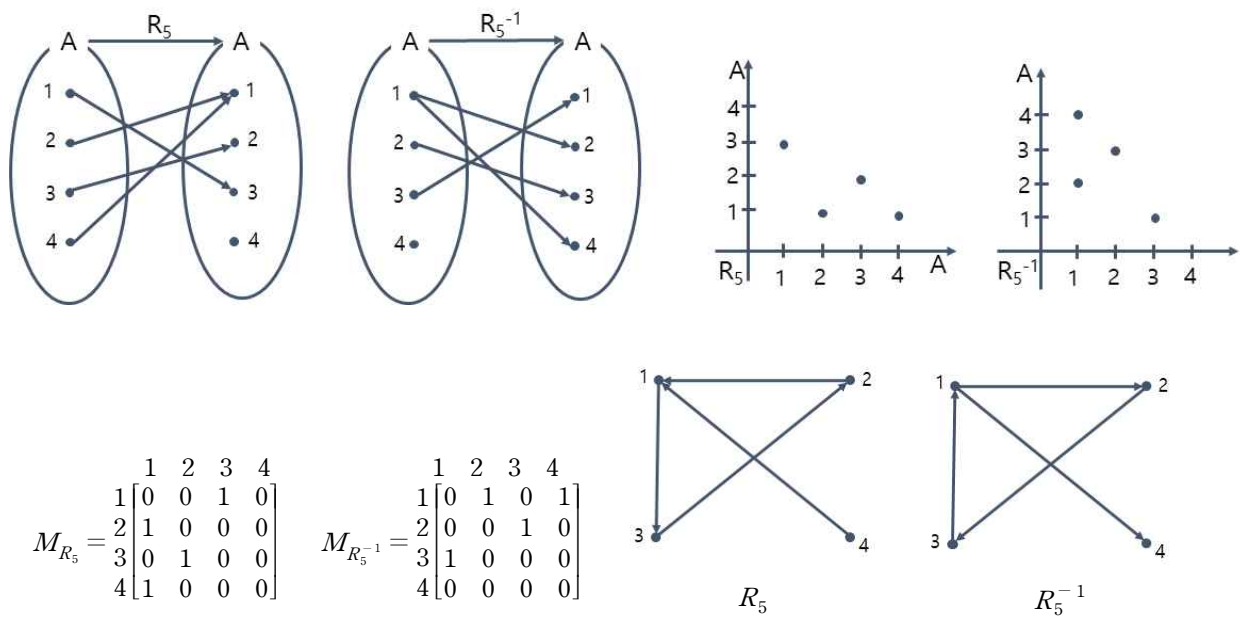
$$M_{R_3} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$M_{R_3^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ \begin{matrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

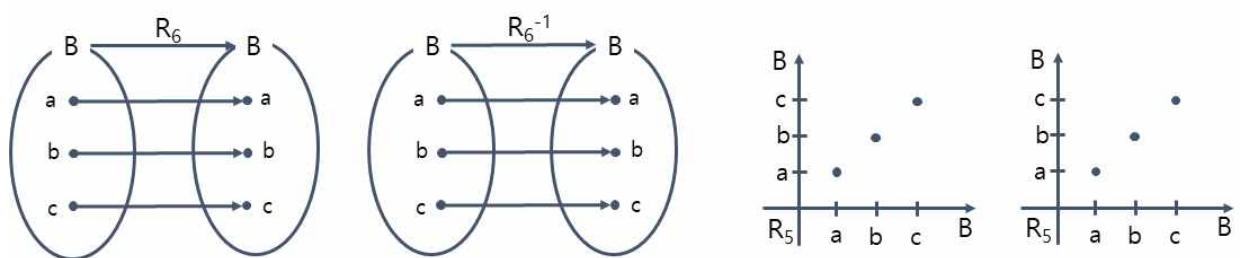
(d)



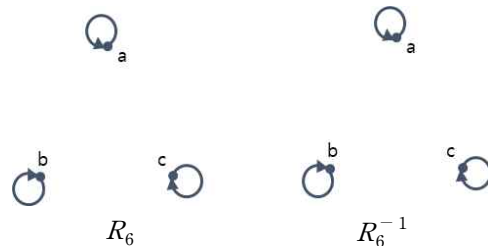
(e)



(f)



$$M_{R_6} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix} \quad M_{R_6^{-1}} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



05.

(a)

$$M_{R_1} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$(1, 1) \in R_1, (2, 2) \in R_1, (3, 3) \in R_1, (4, 4) \in R_1$

\therefore 반사관계이고 비반사관계는 아니다.

$(1, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $1 = 1$ 이고 $(1, 1) \in R_1$

$(2, 2) \in R_1$ 일 때 $2 = 2$ 이고 $(2, 2) \in R_1$

$(3, 3) \in R_1$ 일 때 $3 = 3$ 이고 $(3, 3) \in R_1$

$(4, 4) \in R_1$ 일 때 $4 = 4$ 이고 $(4, 4) \in R_1$

\therefore 대칭관계는 아니고, 반대칭관계이다.

$(2, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때, $2 \neq 1$ 이고 $(1, 2) \notin R_1$

$(3, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때, $3 \neq 1$ 이고 $(1, 3) \notin R_1$

$(4, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때, $4 \neq 1$ 이고 $(1, 4) \notin R_1$

$(1, 1) \in R_1$ 이고 $(1, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(1, 1) \in R_1$

$(2, 2) \in R_1$ 이고 $(2, 2) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(2, 2) \in R_1$

$(3, 1) \in R_1$ 이고 $(1, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(3, 1) \in R_1$

$(3, 3) \in R_1$ 이고 $(3, 3) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(3, 3) \in R_1$

$(4, 4) \in R_1$ 이고 $(4, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(4, 1) \in R_1$

\therefore 추이관계이다.

$(2, 1) \in R_1$ 이고 $(1, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(2, 1) \in R_1$

$(2, 2) \in R_1$ 이고 $(2, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(2, 1) \in R_1$

$(3, 3) \in R_1$ 이고 $(3, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(3, 1) \in R_1$

$(4, 1) \in R_1$ 이고 $(1, 1) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(4, 1) \in R_1$

$(4, 4) \in R_1$ 이고 $(4, 4) \in R_1$ 일 때 $(4, 4) \in R_1$

(b)

$$M_{R_2} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$(1, 1) \notin R_2, (2, 2) \in R_2, (3, 3) \notin R_2, (4, 4) \notin R_2$

\therefore 반사관계는 아니고 비반사관계도 아니다.

$(2, 2) \in R_2$ 일 때 $2 = 2$ 이고 $(2, 2) \in R_2$

$(3, 2) \in R_2$ 일 때 $3 \neq 2$ 이고 $(2, 3) \in R_2$

\therefore 대칭관계이고, 반대칭관계는 아니다.

$(2, 3) \in R_2$ 일 때 $2 \neq 3$ 이고 $(3, 2) \in R_2$

$$(2, 2) \in R_2 \text{이고 } (2, 2) \in R_2 \text{일 때 } (2, 2) \in R_2$$

$$(2, 3) \in R_2 \text{이고 } (3, 2) \in R_2 \text{일 때 } (2, 2) \in R_2$$

\therefore 추이관계 아니다.

$$(2, 2) \in R_2 \text{이고 } (2, 3) \in R_2 \text{일 때 } (2, 3) \in R_2$$

$$(3, 2) \in R_2 \text{이고 } (2, 3) \in R_2 \text{일 때 } (3, 3) \notin R_2$$

(c)

$$M_{R_3} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$(1, 1) \in R_3, (2, 2) \in R_3, (3, 3) \in R_3, (4, 4) \in R_3$$

\therefore 반사관계이고 비반사관계는 아니다.

$$(1, 1) \in R_3 \text{일 때 } 1 = 1 \text{이고 } (1, 1) \in R_3$$

$$(3, 3) \in R_3 \text{일 때 } 3 = 3 \text{이고 } (3, 3) \in R_3$$

\therefore 대칭관계이고 반대칭관계이다.

$$(2, 2) \in R_3 \text{일 때 } 2 = 2 \text{이고 } (2, 2) \in R_3$$

$$(4, 4) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 4 = 4 \text{이고 } (4, 4) \in R_4$$

$$(1, 1) \in R_3 \text{이고 } (1, 1) \in R_3 \text{일 때 } (1, 1) \in R_3$$

$$(3, 3) \in R_3 \text{이고 } (3, 3) \in R_3 \text{일 때 } (3, 3) \in R_3$$

\therefore 추이관계이다.

$$(2, 2) \in R_3 \text{이고 } (2, 2) \in R_3 \text{일 때 } (2, 2) \in R_3$$

$$(4, 4) \in R_4 \text{이고 } (4, 4) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } (4, 4) \in R_4$$

(d)

$$M_{R_4} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$(1, 1) \in R_4, (2, 2) \in R_4, (3, 3) \in R_4, (4, 4) \in R_4$$

\therefore 반사관계이고 비반사관계는 아니다.

$$(1, 1) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 1 = 1 \text{이고 } (1, 1) \in R_4$$

$$(2, 1) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 2 \neq 1 \text{이고 } (1, 2) \in R_4$$

$$(2, 3) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 2 \neq 3 \text{이고 } (3, 2) \in R_4$$

$$(3, 3) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 3 = 3 \text{이고 } (3, 3) \in R_4$$

$$(4, 3) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 4 \neq 3 \text{이고 } (3, 4) \in R_4$$

\therefore 대칭관계이고 반대칭관계는 아니다.

$$(1, 2) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 1 \neq 2 \text{이고 } (2, 1) \in R_4$$

$$(2, 2) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 2 = 2 \text{이고 } (2, 2) \in R_4$$

$$(3, 2) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 3 \neq 2 \text{이고 } (2, 3) \in R_4$$

$$(3, 4) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 3 \neq 4 \text{이고 } (4, 3) \in R_4$$

$$(4, 4) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } 4 = 4 \text{이고 } (4, 4) \in R_4$$

$$(1, 1) \in R_4 \text{이고 } (1, 1) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } (1, 1) \in R_4$$

$$(1, 2) \in R_4 \text{이고 } (2, 2) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } (1, 2) \in R_4$$

\therefore 추이관계가 아니다.

$$(1, 2) \in R_4 \text{이고 } (2, 1) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } (1, 1) \in R_4$$

$$(1, 2) \in R_4 \text{이고 } (2, 3) \in R_4 \text{일 때 } (1, 3) \notin R_4$$

(e)

$$M_{R_5} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$(1, 1) \notin R_5, (2, 2) \notin R_5, (3, 3) \notin R_5, (4, 4) \notin R_5$$

∴ 반사관계는 아니고 비반사관계이다.

$$(1, 2) \in R_5 \text{ 일 때 } 2 \neq 1 \text{ 이고 } (2, 1) \notin R_5$$

$$(2, 4) \in R_5 \text{ 일 때 } 2 \neq 4 \text{ 이고 } (4, 2) \notin R_5$$

$$(3, 1) \in R_5 \text{ 일 때 } 3 \neq 1 \text{ 이고 } (1, 3) \notin R_5$$

$$(4, 1) \in R_5 \text{ 일 때 } 4 \neq 1 \text{ 이고 } (1, 4) \notin R_5$$

∴ 대칭관계는 아니고 반대칭관계이다.

$$(1, 2) \in R_5 \text{ 이고 } (2, 4) \in R_5 \text{ 일 때 } (1, 4) \notin R_5$$

∴ 추이관계가 아니다.

06.

(a) 반사관계도 아니고 비반사관계도 아니다.

대칭관계는 아니고 반대칭관계이다.

추이관계이다.

(b) 반사관계도 아니고 비반사관계도 아니다.

대칭관계이고, 반대칭관계이다.

추이관계이다.

(c) 반사관계이고 비반사관계는 아니다.

대칭관계는 아니고 반대칭관계이다.

추이관계이다.

(d) 반사관계도 아니고 비반사관계도 아니다.

대칭관계이고 반대칭관계는 아니다.

추이관계가 아니다.

(e) 반사관계는 아니고 비반사관계이다.

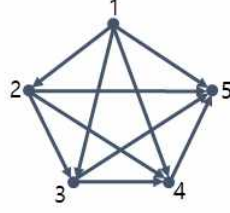
대칭관계도 아니고 반대칭관계도 아니다.

추이관계가 아니다.

07.

(a)

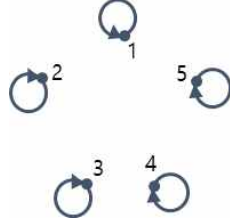
$$M_{R_1} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



∴ 반사관계×, 비반사관계○, 대칭관계×, 반대칭관계○, 추이관계○

(b)

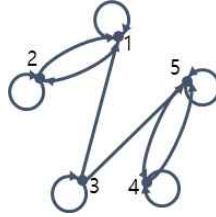
$$M_{R_2} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



∴ 반사관계○, 비반사관계×, 대칭관계○, 반대칭관계○, 추이관계○

(c)

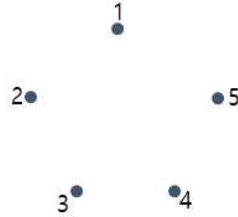
$$M_{R_3} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



∴ 반사관계○, 비반사관계×, 대칭관계×, 반대칭관계×, 추이관계×

(d) $R_4 = \emptyset$

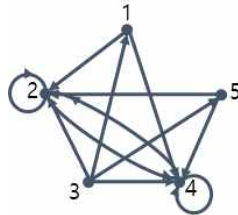
$$M_{R_4} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



∴ 반사관계×, 비반사관계○, 대칭관계○, 반대칭관계○, 추이관계○

(e)

$$M_{R_5} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



∴ 반사관계×, 비반사관계×, 대칭관계×, 반대칭관계×, 추이관계○

08.

(a)

- ① $R \circ R$: 앞의 R 의 정의역(A)과 뒤의 R 의 공역(B)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ② $R \circ S$: 앞의 R 의 정의역(A)과 뒤의 S 의 공역(C)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ④ $R \circ U$: 앞의 R 의 정의역(A)과 뒤의 U 의 공역(C)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ⑥ $R \circ W$: 앞의 R 의 정의역(A)과 뒤의 W 의 공역(B)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ⑦ $S \circ U$: 앞의 S 의 정의역(A)과 뒤의 U 의 공역(C)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ⑨ $S \circ W$: 앞의 S 의 정의역(A)과 뒤의 W 의 공역(B)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ⑪ $T \circ T$: 앞의 T 의 정의역(B)과 뒤의 T 의 공역(A)이 다르므로 합성 불가
 ⑫ $T \circ V$: 앞의 T 의 정의역(B)과 뒤의 V 의 공역(A)이 다르므로 합성 불가

(b)

- ③ $R \circ T : B \rightarrow B = \{(w, x), (w, y), (w, z), (x, y), (x, z), (y, x), (y, y), (z, w), (z, x), (z, y)\}$
 $dom(R \circ T) = B \quad codom(R \circ T) = B \quad ran(R \circ T) = \{w, x, y, z\} = B$
- ⑤ $R \circ V : C \rightarrow B = \{(o, x), (o, y), (o, z), (p, x), (p, y), (p, z), (q, w), (q, x), (q, y), (r, w), (r, x), (r, y)\}$
 $dom(R \circ V) = C \quad codom(R \circ V) = B \quad ran(R \circ T) = \{w, x, y, z\} = B$
- ⑧ $S \circ V : C \rightarrow C = \{(o, q), (o, r), (p, q), (p, r), (q, o), (q, p), (q, q), (q, r), (r, o), (r, p), (r, q), (r, r)\}$
 $dom(S \circ V) = C \quad codom(S \circ V) = C \quad ran(S \circ V) = \{o, p, q, r\} = C$
- ⑩ $T \circ R : A \rightarrow A = \{(a, b), (a, c), (a, d), (b, c), (b, d), (c, b), (c, c), (d, a), (d, b), (d, c)\}$
 $dom(T \circ R) = A \quad codom(T \circ R) = A \quad ran(T \circ R) = \{a, b, c, d\} = A$

09.

(a)

- ① $(W \circ S) \circ R$: 합성 불가
 ② $T \circ (U \circ W)$: 합성 불가
 ⑧ $U \circ (W \circ T)$: 합성 불가
 ⑨ $(U \circ W) \circ (R \circ V)$: 합성 불가
 ⑩ $(W \circ U) \circ (R \circ U)$: 합성 불가

(b)

- ③ $W \circ (S \circ T)$
 $dom(W \circ (S \circ T)) = B \quad codom(W \circ (S \circ T)) = B$
 $ran(W \circ (S \circ T)) = \{w, x, y, z\} = B$
- ④ $(T \circ W) \circ S$
 $dom((T \circ W) \circ S) = A \quad codom((T \circ W) \circ S) = A$
 $ran((T \circ W) \circ S) = \{a, b, c, d\} = A$
- ⑤ $(V \circ U) \circ R$
 $dom((V \circ U) \circ R) = A \quad codom((V \circ U) \circ R) = A$
 $ran((V \circ U) \circ R) = \{a, b, c, d\} = A$

$$\textcircled{6} R \circ (V \circ S)$$

$$\text{dom}(R \circ (V \circ S)) = A \quad \text{codom}(R \circ (V \circ S)) = B$$

$$\text{ran}(R \circ (V \circ S)) = \{w, x, y, z\} = B$$

$$\textcircled{7} (R \circ V) \circ S$$

$$\text{dom}((R \circ V) \circ S) = A \quad \text{codom}((R \circ V) \circ S) = B$$

$$\text{ran}((R \circ V) \circ S) = \{w, x, y, z\} = B$$

$$\textcircled{11} (U \circ R) \circ (T \circ R)$$

$$\text{dom}((U \circ R) \circ (T \circ R)) = A \quad \text{codom}((U \circ R) \circ (T \circ R)) = C$$

$$\text{ran}((U \circ R) \circ (T \circ R)) = \{o, p, q, r\} = C$$

10.

(a)

$$M_{R_1} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ a & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ b & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ c & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_1^2 = R_1 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 = R_1^2 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 \subseteq R_1 \quad \therefore \text{관계 } R_1 \text{은 추이관계이다.}$$

(b)

$$M_{R_2} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ a & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ b & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ c & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_1^2 = R_1 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 = R_1^2 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2^3 \not\subseteq R_2 \quad \therefore \text{관계 } R_2 \text{은 추이관계가 아니다.}$$

(c)

$$M_{R_3} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ a & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ b & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ c & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_1^2 = R_1 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 = R_1^2 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3^3 \not\subseteq R_3 \quad \therefore \text{관계 } R_3 \text{은 추이관계가 아니다.}$$

(d)

$$M_{R_4} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ a & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ b & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ c & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_1^2 = R_1 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 = R_1^2 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_4^3 \subseteq R_4 \quad \therefore \text{관계 } R_4 \text{은 추이관계이다.}$$

(e)

$$M_{R_4} = \begin{matrix} & a & b & c \\ a & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ b & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ c & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_1^2 = R_1 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 = R_1^2 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_5^3 \subseteq R_5 \quad \therefore \text{관계 } R_5 \text{은 추이관계이다.}$$

11.

- (a) 관계 R_1 은 추이관계이다.
(b) 관계 R_2 는 추이관계이다.
(c) 관계 R_3 은 추이관계가 아니다.
(d) 관계 R_4 는 추이관계이다.
(e) 관계 R_5 는 추이관계가 아니다.

12.

- (a)
- $$S_1 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 4)\}$$
- $$S_2 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$
- $$S_3 = \{(1, 1), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 4)\}$$
- $$S_4 = \{(1, 1), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (4, 1), (4, 4)\}$$
- $$S_5 = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$
- (b)
- $$T_1 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$
- $$T_2 = \{(1, 2), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3)\}$$
- $$T_3 = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 2)\}$$
- $$T_4 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 4)\}$$
- $$T_5 = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 4), (4, 3)\}$$

$$M_{R_1} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_1^* = R_1 \cup R_1^2 \cup R_1^3 \cup R_1^4 = M_{R_1} \vee M_{R_1^2} \vee M_{R_1^3} \vee M_{R_1^4}$$

$$M_{R_2} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_2^* = R_2 \cup R_2^2 \cup R_2^3 \cup R_2^4 = M_{R_2} \vee M_{R_2^2} \vee M_{R_2^3} \vee M_{R_2^4}$$

$$M_{R_3} = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$R_3^2 = R_3 \circ R_3 = M_{R_3} \odot M_{R_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3^4 = R_3^3 \circ R_3 = M_{R_3} \odot M_{R_3^3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore U_3 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$

$$R_4^4 = R_4^3 \circ R_4 = M_{R_4} \odot M_{R_4^3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore U_4 = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$

$$R_5^4 = R_5^3 \circ R_5 = M_{R_5} \odot M_{R_5^3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_5^* = R_5 \cup R_5^2 \cup R_5^3 \cup R_5^4 = M_{R_5} \vee M_{R_5^2} \vee M_{R_5^3} \vee M_{R_5^4}$$

$$\therefore U_5 = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$

(d)

$$\begin{aligned} S_1 \cup T_1 \cup U_1 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 1), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 4)\} \\ &\cup \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\ &\cup \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), \\ &\quad (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\ &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

관계 $S_1 \cup T_1 \cup U_1$ 는 반사, 대칭, 추이관계가 성립하므로 동치관계

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore O_1 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [1] = [2] = [3] = [4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_2 \cup T_2 \cup U_2 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\ &\cup \{(1, 2), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3)\} \\ &\cup \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 3), (4, 3)\} \\ &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

관계 $S_2 \cup T_2 \cup U_2$ 는 반사관계만 성립

대칭관계가 성립하도록 하기 위해 $(3, 1), (3, 2)$ 추가

$$\begin{aligned} &\{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

그러면 추이관계까지 성립

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore O_2 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [1] = [2] = [3] = [4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_3 \cup T_3 \cup U_3 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 4)\} \\ &\cup \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 2)\} \\ &\cup \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\ &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

관계 $S_3 \cup T_3 \cup U_3$ 는 반사, 대칭, 추이관계가 성립하므로 동치관계

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore O_3 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\ &\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [1] = [2] = [3] = [4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
S_4 \cup T_4 \cup U_4 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (4, 1), (4, 4)\} \\
&\cup \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 4)\} \\
&\cup \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\
&\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\
&= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\
&\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}
\end{aligned}$$

관계 $S_4 \cup T_4 \cup U_4$ 는 반사, 대칭, 추이관계가 성립하므로 동치관계

$$\begin{aligned}
\therefore O_4 &= \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 1), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), \\
&\quad (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [1] = [2] = [3] = [4] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
S_5 \cup T_5 \cup U_5 &= \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\
&\cup \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (3, 4), (4, 3)\} \\
&\cup \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\} \\
&= \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}
\end{aligned}$$

관계 $S_5 \cup T_5 \cup U_5$ 는 반사, 대칭, 추이관계가 성립하므로 동치관계

$$\therefore O_5 = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 3), (3, 4), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4)\}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [1] = \{1\}, [2] = [3] = [4] = \{2, 3, 4\}$$

13.

(a)

$$\begin{aligned}
S_1 &= \{(a, a), (a, b), (b, b), (c, c), (c, d), (d, d), (d, e), (e, e)\} \\
S_2 &= \{(a, a), (b, b), (b, d), (c, c), (d, d), (d, a), (e, e)\} \\
S_3 &= \{(a, a), (b, a), (b, b), (c, b), (c, c), (d, d), (e, e)\} \\
S_4 &= \{(a, a), (a, b), (b, b), (b, c), (c, c), (c, d), (d, d), (d, e), (e, a), (e, e)\} \\
S_5 &= \{(a, a), (a, b), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (c, c), (c, d), (c, e), (d, d), (e, a), (e, b), (e, e)\}
\end{aligned}$$

(b)

$$\begin{aligned}
T_1 &= \{(a, b), (b, a), (c, c), (c, d), (d, c), (d, e), (e, d)\} \\
T_2 &= \{(a, a), (a, d), (b, d), (d, a), (d, b)\} \\
T_3 &= \{(a, a), (a, b), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (c, b), (c, c), (d, d)\} \\
T_4 &= \{(a, b), (a, e), (b, a), (b, c), (c, b), (c, d), (d, c), (d, e), (e, a), (e, d)\} \\
T_5 &= \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, e), (b, a), (b, c), (b, e), (c, b), (c, d), (c, e), (d, c), (e, a), (e, b), (e, c), (e, e)\}
\end{aligned}$$

(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
U_1 &= \{(a, b), (c, c), (c, d), (c, e), (d, e)\} \\
U_2 &= \{(a, a), (b, a), (b, d), (d, a)\} \\
U_3 &= \{(a, a), (b, a), (b, b), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c), (d, d)\} \\
U_4 &= \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, c), (a, d), (a, e), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (b, d), (b, e), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c), \\
&\quad (c, d), (c, e), (d, a), (d, b), (d, c), (d, d), (d, e), (e, a), (e, b), (e, c), (e, d), (e, e)\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$U_5 = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, c), (a, d), (a, e), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (b, d), (b, e), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c), \\ (c, d), (c, e), (e, a), (e, b), (e, c), (e, d), (e, e)\}$$

(d)

$$O_1 = \{(a, a), (a, b), (b, a), (b, b), (c, c), (c, d), (c, e), (d, c), (d, d), (d, e), (e, c), (e, d), (e, e)\}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [a] = [b] = \{a, b\}, [c] = [d] = [e] = \{c, d, e\}$$

$$O_2 = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, d), (b, a), (b, b), (b, d), (c, c), (d, a), (d, b), (d, d), (e, e)\}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [a] = [b] = [d] = \{a, b, d\}, [c] = \{c\}, [e] = \{e\}$$

$$O_3 = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, c), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c), (d, d), (e, e)\}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [a] = [b] = [c] = \{a, b, c\}, [d] = \{d\}, [e] = \{e\}$$

$$O_4 = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, c), (a, d), (a, e), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (b, d), (b, e), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c),$$

$$(c, d), (c, e), (d, a), (d, b), (d, c), (d, d), (d, e), (e, a), (e, b), (e, c), (e, d), (e, e)\}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [a] = [b] = [c] = [d] = [e] = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$$

$$O_5 = \{(a, a), (a, b), (a, c), (a, d), (a, e), (b, a), (b, b), (b, c), (b, d), (b, e), (c, a), (c, b), (c, c),$$

$$(c, d), (c, e), (e, a), (e, b), (e, c), (e, d), (e, e)\}$$

$$\therefore \text{동치류 } [a] = [b] = [c] = [e] = \{a, b, c, d, e\}, [d] = \{ \}$$

14.

관계 R_1 에 대해,

$$R_1 = M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

주대각 원소가 모두 1이다.

\therefore 관계 R_1 은 반사관계이다.

주대각 원소를 기준으로 마주보는 원소들의 값이 서로 같다.

\therefore 관계 R_1 은 대칭관계이다.

$$R_1^2 = R_1 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^3 = R_1^2 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_1^4 = R_1^3 \circ R_1 = M_{R_1} \odot M_{R_1^3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R_1^4 \subseteq R_1$ 이다.

\therefore 관계 R_1 은 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_1 은 반사, 대칭, 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_1 은 동치관계이다.

관계 R_2 에 대해,

$$R_2 = M_{R_2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

주대각 원소가 모두 1이다.

\therefore 관계 R_2 는 반사관계이다.

주대각 원소를 기준으로 마주보는 원소들의 값이 서로 다르다.

\therefore 관계 R_2 는 반대칭관계이다.

$$R_2^2 = R_2 \circ R_2 = M_{R_2} \odot M_{R_2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2^3 = R_2^2 \circ R_2 = M_{R_2} \odot M_{R_2^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2^4 = R_2^3 \circ R_2 = M_{R_2} \odot M_{R_2^3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2^5 = R_2^4 \circ R_2 = M_{R_2} \odot M_{R_2^4} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R_2^5 \subseteq R_2$ 이다.

\therefore 관계 R_2 는 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_2 는 반사, 반대칭, 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_2 는 부분순서관계이다.

관계 R_3 에 대해,

$$R_3 = M_{R_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

주대각 원소가 모두 1이다.

\therefore 관계 R_3 는 반사관계이다.

주대각 원소를 기준으로 마주보는 원소들의 값이 서로 같다.

\therefore 관계 R_3 는 대칭관계이다.

$$R_3^2 = R_3 \circ R_3 = M_{R_3} \odot M_{R_3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3^3 = R_3^2 \circ R_3 = M_{R_3} \odot M_{R_3^2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3^4 = R_3^3 \circ R_3 = M_{R_3} \odot M_{R_3^3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3^5 = R_3^4 \circ R_3 = M_{R_3} \odot M_{R_3^4} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \odot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$R_3^5 \subseteq R_3$ 이다.

\therefore 관계 R_3 는 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_3 는 반사, 대칭, 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_3 는 동치관계이다.

관계 R_4 에 대해,

모든 원소 $a \in D$ 에 대해 $a|a$ 는 항상 성립하므로 $(a, a) \in R_4$

\therefore 관계 R_4 는 반사관계이다.

어떤 원소 $a, b \in D$ 에 대해 $a \neq b$ 일 때, $b|a$ 이면 $a = kb (k \in \mathbb{N})$ 이고 $b = \frac{a}{k}$ 이다. 따라서 $b < a$ 이

므로 $a \nmid b$ 이다. 그러므로 $(a, b) \in R_4$ 이면 $(b, a) \notin R_4$ 이다.

\therefore 관계 R_4 는 반대칭관계이다.

어떤 원소 $a, b, c \in D$ 에 대해 $b|a$ 이고 $c|b$ 이면 $a = kb (k \in N)$, $b = lc (l \in N)$ 이다. 그러면 $b = lc$ 를 $a = kb$ 에 대입하면 $a = klc$ 이므로 $c|a$ 가 성립한다.
 그러므로 $(a, b) \in R_4$ 이고 $(b, c) \in R_4$ 이면 $(a, c) \in R_4$ 이다.
 \therefore 관계 R_4 는 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_4 는 반사, 반대칭, 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_4 는 부분순서관계이다.

관계 R_5 에 대해,

모든 원소 $a \in Z$ 에 대해, $a = a$ 는 항상 성립하므로 $(a, a) \in R_5$
 \therefore 관계 R_5 는 반사관계이다.

어떤 원소 $a, b \in Z$ 에 대해 $a = b$ 이면 $b = a$ 이므로 $(a, b) \in R_5$ 이면 $(b, a) \in R_5$
 단, 관계 R_5 의 순서쌍을 구성하는 원소는 $a = b$
 \therefore 관계 R_5 는 대칭관계이면서 반대칭관계이다.

어떤 원소 $a, b, c \in Z$ 에 대해 $a = b$ 이고 $b = c$ 이면 $a = c$ 이므로 $(a, b) \in R_5$ 이고 $(b, c) \in R_5$ 이면 $(a, c) \in R_5$
 \therefore 관계 R_5 는 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_5 는 반사, 대칭, 반대칭 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_5 는 동치관계이면서 부분순서관계이다.

관계 R_6 에 대해,

모든 원소 $a \in N$ 에 대해 $a \leq a$ 는 항상 성립하므로 $(a, a) \in R_6$
 \therefore 관계 R_6 는 반사관계이다.

어떤 원소 $a, b \in N$ 에 대해 $a \leq b$ 이면 $b \leq a$ 는 성립하지 않는다. 그러므로 $(a, b) \in R_6$ 이면 $(b, a) \notin R_6$
 \therefore 관계 R_6 는 반대칭관계이다.

어떤 원소 $a, b, c \in N$ 에 대해 $a \leq b$ 이고 $b \leq c$ 이면 $a \leq c$
 \therefore 관계 R_6 는 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_6 는 반사, 반대칭, 추이관계이다.

\therefore 관계 R_6 는 부분순서관계이다.

15.

동치관계 R_1 의 동치류 : $[1] = [2] = \{1, 2\}$ $[3] = [4] = \{3, 4\}$ $S_1 = \{\{1, 2\}, \{3, 4\}\}$

동치관계 R_3 의 동치류 : $[1] = [3] = [5] = \{1, 3, 5\}$ $[2] = [4] = \{2, 4\}$ $S_3 = \{\{1, 3, 5\}, \{2, 4\}\}$

동치관계 R_5 의 동치류 : 모든 원소 $a \in Z$ 에 대해 $[a] = \{a\}$

16.

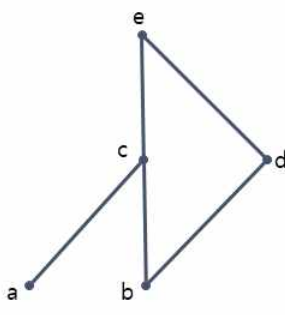
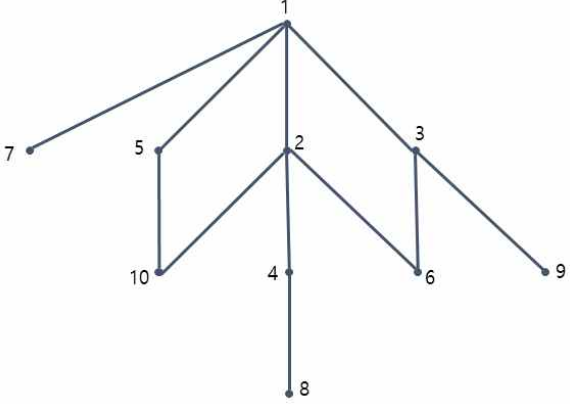
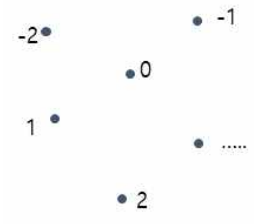

(a)

부분순서관계 R_2	
비교가능	비교불가능
a와 a, c, e	a와 b, d
b와 d, c, d, e	b와 a
c와 c, e	c와 a, b, d
d와 d, e	d와 a, b, c
e와 e	e와 a, b, c, d

부분순서관계 R_4	
비교가능	
1과 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	6과 1, 2, 3, 6
2와 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10	7과 1, 7
3과 1, 3, 6, 9	8과 1, 2, 4, 8
4와 1, 2, 4, 8	9과 1, 3, 9
5와 1, 5, 10	10과 1, 2, 5, 10
비교불가능	
1은 없음	6과 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10
2와 3, 5, 7, 9	7과 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10
3과 2, 4, 5, 8, 10	8과 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10
4와 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10	9와 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10
5와 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9	10과 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9

부분순서관계 R_5 의 모든 원소 $a \in Z$ 는 자기자신 a 와 비교 가능, 다른 원소와는 비교 불가능
 부분순서관계 R_6 의 모든 원소는 서로 비교 가능 \therefore 완전순서관계

(b)

관계 R_2 에 대한 하세도표	관계 R_4 에 대한 하세도표
	
관계 R_5 에 대한 하세도표	관계 R_6 에 대한 하세도표
	

(c)

관계 R_2 의 극대원소 : e / 극소원소 : a, b / 최대원소 : e / 최소원소 : 없음

관계 R_4 의 극대원소 : 1 / 극소원소 : 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 / 최대원소 : 1 / 최소원소 : 없음

관계 R_5 의 극대원소 : 없음 / 극소원소 : 없음 / 최대원소 : 없음 / 최소원소 : 없음

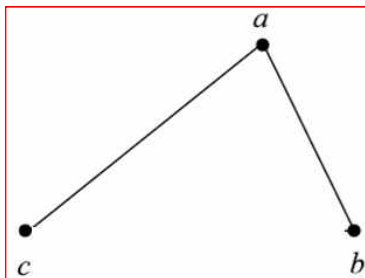
관계 R_6 의 극대원소 : 1 / 극소원소 : 자연수 범위의 최댓값

최대원소 : 1 / 최소원소 : 자연수 범위의 최댓값

17.

<<문제 수정>> ②번 그림을 아래 그림으로 수정합니다.

②



(a)

- ① 극대원소 : a / 극소원소 : f, h, i / 최대원소 : a / 최소원소 : 없음
- ② 극대원소 : a / 극소원소 : c, d / 최대원소 : a / 최소원소 : 없음
- ③ 극대원소 : a, b, c / 극소원소 : g, h / 최대원소 : 없음 / 최소원소 : 없음
- ④ 극대원소 : a, d / 극소원소 : e / 최대원소 : 없음 / 최소원소 : e

(b)

- ① 집합 $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i\}$ 에 대한 관계
 $\{(a, a), (b, a), (b, b), (c, c), (c, a), (d, a), (d, b), (d, d), (e, a), (e, b), (e, e), (f, a), (f, c), (f, f),$
 $(g, a), (g, a), (g, b), (g, d), (g, g), (h, a), (h, b), (h, e), (h, h), (i, a), (i, b), (i, d), (i, g), (i, i)\}$
- ② 집합 $A = \{a, b, c\}$ 에 대한 관계 $\{(a, a), (b, a), (b, b), (c, a), (c, c)\}$
- ③ 집합 $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i\}$ 에 대한 관계
 $\{(a, a), (b, b), (c, c), (d, b), (d, d), (e, c), (e, e), (f, b), (f, c), (f, d), (f, f), (g, a), (g, c), (g, e), (g, g),$
 $(h, b), (h, c), (h, d), (h, f), (h, h), (h, i), (i, b), (i, i)\}$
- ④ 집합 $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ 에 대한 관계
 $\{(a, a), (b, a), (b, b), (b, d), (c, a), (c, c), (c, d), (d, d), (e, a), (e, b), (e, c), (e, d), (e, e)\}$

18.

(a)

- ① 극대원소 : 자연수 집합 N 에서의 최댓값 극소원소 : 1
 최대원소 : 자연수 집합 N 에서의 최댓값 최소원소 : 1
- ② 극대원소 : i / 극소원소 : h / 최대원소 : i / 최소원소 : h
- ③ 극대원소 : g, h, i / 극소원소 : a, b, c / 최대원소 : 없음 / 최소원소 : 없음
- ④ 극대원소 : 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 / 극소원소 : 1 / 최대원소 : 없음 / 최소원소 : 1

(b)

- ① 자연수 집합 N 에 대한 관계 $\{(a, b) \in N \times N \mid a \leq b\}$
- ② 집합 $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i\}$ 에 대한 관계
 $\{(a, a), (a, d), (a, f), (a, i), (b, b), (b, d), (b, i), (c, c), (c, f), (c, i), (d, d), (d, i), (e, a), (e, c), (e, d),$
 $(e, e), (e, f), (e, i), (f, f), (f, i), (g, a), (g, b), (g, d), (g, f), (g, g), (g, i), (h, a), (h, b), (h, c), (h, d),$
 $(h, e), (h, f), (h, g), (h, h), (h, i), (i, i)\}$
- ③ 집합 $A = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i\}$ 에 대한 관계
 $\{(a, a), (a, d), (a, g), (b, b), (b, e), (b, h), (c, c), (c, f), (c, i), (d, d), (d, g), (e, e), (e, h),$
 $(f, f), (f, i), (g, g), (h, h), (i, i)\}$
- ④ 집합 $A = \{a \mid a \leq 15, a \in N\}$ 에 대한 관계 $\{(a, b) \in A \times A \mid a \mid b\}$